

LESSONS THIS QUARTER

- 1) 07 Sep .....Hebrews 1:1-14.....Who Is Jesus?
- 2) 14 Sep .....Hebrews 2:1-13.....Pay Attention
- 3) 21 Sep .....Hebrews 2:14-18.....Why One of Us?
- 4) 28 Sep .....Hebrews 3:1-19.....Watch Out!
- 5) 05 Oct .....Hebrews 4-5.....Secured with Confidence
- 6) 12 Oct .....Hebrews 6:1-20.....Don't Walk Away
- 7) 19 Oct .....Hebrews 7:1-28.....Only Jesus Saves
- 8) 26 Oct .....Hebrews 8:1-13.....Only Jesus Transforms
- 9) 02 Nov .....Hebrews 9:1-28.....The Perfect Offering
- 10) 09 Nov .....Hebrews 10-11.....Faith Defined
- 11) 16 Nov .....Hebrews 12:1-7.....The Discipline of Suffering
- 12) 23 Nov .....Hebrews 12:18-29.....A New Kind of Community
- 13) 30 Nov .....Hebrews 13:1-25.....Living Out the Faith

INTRODUCTION

- The shadow of the Old Covenant Tabernacle with all of its temporal sacrifices and furnishings is displaced by the more enduring sacrifice made by Christ.
- The New Covenant is when God puts His law within us and He will be our God, and we shall be His people .....Jeremiah 31:31-34
- See a representative of the major Personal, Historical and Ceremonial types and shadows between the Old and New Covenants below

OT Shadows of Heavenly Things	NT Illuminations (Anti-Types)
<b>Personal Types (or Shadows)</b>	
Adam – The First Adam	<b>Christ</b> – The 2 <sup>nd</sup> Adam, our Redeemer, the Lamb of God, the Vine, the Branch, our High Priest, our Savior, the Door, the Way, the Bread of Life, and more than 100 other Titles
Moses – A prophet like unto me	
Isaac, Joseph, David	
Aaron, Levites	
Melchizedek	
Jonah	<b>The Resurrection</b>
Eve, Rebekah	<b>The Church</b>
Elijah	<b>John the Baptist, Christ</b>
<b>Major Historical Types</b>	
Noah's Ark	<b>The Rapture</b>
The Flood	<b>Final Judgment of Man</b>
The Plagues of Egypt	<b>The Vials/Trumpets of Revelation</b>
The Brazen Serpent	<b>Christ</b>
Cities of Refuge in Israel	<b>Christ; The Wilderness in Rev 12:6</b>
<b>Major Ceremonial Types</b>	
<b>The Ark of the Covenant.</b> Annual visit to atone for all sins	<b>The Throne Room of God.</b> Glorious seat of final judgment & mercy
<b>The Tabernacle.</b> The temporary place to meet God	<b>Heaven.</b> The eternal place to enjoy God
<b>The Showbread.</b> 12 loaves of bread	<b>Christ.</b> The Bread of Life
<b>The 7-Branded Lampstand</b>	<b>Holy Spirit</b> (7 Spirits, cf Isaiah 11:2); or <b>7 Dispensations / 7 Covenants</b>
<b>The Altar of Incense</b>	<b>The Prayers of the Saints</b>
<b>The Altar</b>	<b>The Cross</b>
<b>The Bronze Laver</b>	<b>Baptism or the Holy Spirit</b>
<b>The Mosaic Law.</b> Our Tutor	<b>Grace.</b> Live by faith, willful obedience
<b>Circumcision.</b> A physical sign of belonging to the seed of Abraham	<b>Baptism.</b> An outward testimony of an inward change of the heart
<b>Priestly Attire.</b> Head covering or Turban, the Ephod, Breastplate, Underwear, Robe, Tunic, Sash, the colors of Gold, Blue, Purple, Scarlet, and White	<b>Sanctification Process.</b> The Armor of God, the covering and protection of Christ, prayers heard & answered; The richness of this typology requires a lesson all to itself
<b>Sacrifices.</b> Continually, everyday & on the Sabbaths, New Moons to show repentance and forgiveness	<b>The Cross.</b> One time, permanent, complete, perfect, eternal sacrifice
<b>Feast of Passover</b>	<b>The Cross</b>
<b>Feast of Unleavened Bread</b>	<b>Burial of Christ</b>
<b>Feast of First Fruits</b>	<b>Resurrection.</b> Easter
<b>Feast of Weeks or Pentecost</b>	<b>The Holy Spirit</b>
<b>Feast of Trumpets</b>	<b>The Rapture</b>
<b>Day of Atonement</b>	<b>The Great White Throne Judgment</b>
<b>Feast of Tabernacles</b>	<b>The Great Supper of the Lamb</b>

Passage	Comments
Hebrews 9:1-5	<p><b>Tabernacle Details – Not as Important as We Think</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• vv1-4. The author highlights major furnishings of the Old Covenant Tabernacle to include:                             <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. <b>Outer Court</b> – Lampstand, Table, and Sacred Bread</li> <li>2. <b>Holy of Holies</b> – Golden altar of incense, the Ark of the Covenant and its contents, and the Mercy Seat</li> </ol> </li> <li>♦ <b>Note.</b> The Golden altar of incense was actually in the Outer Court. The author was signifying the close relationship with the Inner Court as the incense was taken into the Holy of Holies once each year along with the blood of the sacrifice to make atonement of all sins</li> <li>• v5. "...these things we cannot now speak in detail" – Bummer</li> <li>♦ There are Bible Geeks who want to know this kind of stuff</li> <li>♦ <b>BUT</b>, the tabernacle details with all of its meanings must not be as important as what the author is about to tell us – So we need to pay closer attention to the rest</li> </ul>
9:6-14	<p><b>The Holy Spirit Speaks (v8)</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• vv6-7. We are reminded that the Aaronic priests performed continued sacrifices throughout the year with the designated High Priest going into the Holy of Holies once each year to atone for the "sins of the people committed in ignorance"                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>♦ What are sins of ignorance? .....cf Lev 4 and Num 15 - "Unintentional" sins or stupid sins that don't invoke the death penalty</li> <li>♦ What about intentional sins? .....cf Num 15:30-31 - No forgiveness for intentional sins or sins of defiance - The defiant person was to be removed or killed - Example: Rebellious sons were stoned ..... Deut 21:18-21</li> </ul> </li> <li>♦ <b>What about our Age of Grace?</b> Yes, child molesters, murderers, adulterers, rebellious sons, etc., can now receive forgiveness like the 2<sup>nd</sup> thief on the cross, thanks to Christ being the perfect sacrifice and High Priest; whereas in the Old Covenant they were taken to the rock quarry. The Law (being imperfect) provided no means for an atoning sacrifice or grace &amp; mercy for such atrocious sinners.</li> <li>• vv8-14. Christ is portrayed as the final High Priest bringing the perfect sacrifice that allows us to serve the living God</li> </ul>
9:15-28	<p><b>Legal Jargon Portrays the New Covenant in Christ</b></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• In brief, before a Last Will &amp; Testament is ratified, the Originator must be dead, and the beneficiaries must be known</li> <li>• v22. "without the shedding of blood there is no forgiveness" The 2<sup>nd</sup> Covenant, like the 1<sup>st</sup> (Lev 17:11), was inaugurated with blood</li> <li>• v28. To complete the transaction of a perfect sacrifice, Jesus needs to do one more thing – He must appear a 2<sup>nd</sup> time, and this time to declare salvation to those who eagerly await Him</li> </ul>

CONCLUSION / APPLICATIONS / BENEFITS

- Aren't we glad we don't have to do anything but to accept Christ and wait for His 2<sup>nd</sup> coming. He has done it all. Our waiting, however, does involve active service and willful obedience – not sitting around watching TV

**NEXT WEEK: Hebrews 10-11.** We need to challenge each other to love and good works; and we learn what faith is about and what it looks like in action

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WE WANT TO GO TO HEAVEN TOO, YOU KNOW